



CADERNO BRASILEIRO PARA CONTRABAIXO

Estudos e música popular
brasileira

OMAR CAVALHEIRO

INCLUI: CD CONTENDO ARQUIVOS DE ÁUDIO
E ENCARTE DE PARTITURAS PARA O ACOMPANHAMENTO

Título: Caderno Brasileiro para Contrabaixo
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1. APRESENTAÇÃO

O Caderno Brasileiro para Contrabaixo é um método que conecta a escola clássica do instrumento com temas da música popular carioca urbana.

As obras apresentadas incluem em cada título:

- Um conjunto de partituras com estudos em 4 modalidades (escalas, arpejos, melódicos e linha do baixo);

- Um conjunto de partituras das músicas para contrabaixo e piano, seguindo o padrão usual para esta formação: uma partitura para o contrabaixo (solista) e uma partitura para piano;

- Um CD contendo arquivos de áudio (m4a), produzidos em duas versões: 1 – arranjo/duo; 2 – piano/acompanhamento e gravações em estúdio com instrumentos reais de duas das peças do repertório, para melhor referência. Essas são interpretadas pelo autor com a participação de músico convidado.

O trabalho é dirigido a professores, instrumentistas profissionais ou amadores, estudantes, escolas e projetos sociais dedicados ao ensino da música.

2. INTRODUÇÃO

Os diferentes papéis ou funções que o contrabaixo pode desempenhar, as demandas dos arranjos em geral, a participação nas diferentes formações e demais situações musicais que se apresentam a um contrabaixista, motivaram a elaboração dos estudos.

As sete músicas e seus quatro estudos correspondentes foram dispostos por ordem de dificuldade, em níveis 1, 2 e 3.

O método, na forma de estudos com escalas, arpejos, estudos melódicos e da linha do baixo, facilita a percepção, leitura e execução das músicas no instrumento. O material temático é explorado de diversos modos, para um bom condicionamento na função solista.

Todos os estudos podem ser praticados com arco ou pizzicato. Os sons extraídos com arco revelam notas plenas de harmônicos, enquanto que, com o pizzicato, não são percebidos de forma tão nítida.

Escalas - a prática de escalas é essencial para todos os instrumentistas, em seu desenvolvimento técnico e na busca por boa entoação/afinação. Escolhi uma escala para cada acorde, organizando-as nas sequências harmônicas dos temas. O estudo também pode sinalizar um primeiro passo no caminho da arte do improviso.

Arpejos - os estudos foram construídos a partir dos sons dos acordes, com os quais as músicas foram harmonizadas. O treinamento conduz o estudante a um melhor condicionamento na criação de uma linha do baixo.

Linha do baixo - a primeira e mais recorrente função que o contrabaixista exerce, se dá na base do grupo musical. A linha do baixo, pode vir previamente escrita, ou depender da criação pelo músico, quando recebe a partitura apenas cifrada. O estudo proporciona um bom treinamento de leitura, com a execução de uma linha funcional, que confere equilíbrio ao arranjo e suporte à melodia.

“NADA DE MUITAS NOTAS, MAS SIM A NOTA CERTA, NO MOMENTO CERTO. MEU TRABALHO CONSISTE EM ENCONTRAR QUAL É A ÚNICA E MAIS IMPORTANTE NOTA DE UM ACORDE PARA FAZER A MELODIA CINTILAR.”

RON CARTER, 1999

Estudos melódicos - compostos com motivos das próprias músicas, frases e arcadas, distribuídos nas várias posições do instrumento.

3. CADERNO PARA O CONTRABAIXO

PAINEIRA ROSA

Omar Cavaleiro

Paineira rosa (escalas)

Omar Cavalheiro

1

Arco/Pizz

contrabaixo

V

E|6

$$E^\circ$$

B♭ / F

G7(b13)

Cm7(9)

B7(9,#11)

2

8

1.

2.

B|6

B6

4

8

6

Cm7(9)

F7

Dm7

G7(b13)

8

Cm7(9)

F7(13)

Bbe

Bb7

8

8

11 1

10

Eb6

$$\underline{E}^{\circ}$$

Bb / F

G7(b13)

8

11

12

Cm7(9)

B7(9,#11)

Bb6

8

Paineira rosa (arpejos)

Omar Cavalheiro

1. 2.

Arco/Pizz

contrabaixo

1 8

E $\flat$ 6 E $^{\circ}$ B $\flat$ / F G7(b13) Cm7(9) B7(9,#11) B $\flat$ 6 B $\flat$ 6

II I

6

Cm7(9) F7 Dm7 G7(b13) Cm7(9) F7(13) B $\flat$ 6 B $\flat$ 7 E $\flat$ 6 E $^{\circ}$

1. 2.

11 8

B $\flat$ / F G7(b13) Cm7(9) B7(9,#11) B $\flat$ 6 Cm7(9) B7(9,#11) B $\flat$ 6

I

16

Cm7(9) F7(13) Dm7(9) G7(9) Cm7(9) F7(13) B $\flat$ 6 B $\flat$ 7(9) E $\flat$ maj7 E $\flat$ m7

II I II

21 8

Dm7 G7(b9) Cm7(9) B7(#11) B $\flat$ 6 G7(b13) Cm7(9) F7 Dm7 G7(b13)

I

26 8

Cm7(9) F7(13) B $\flat$ 6 B $\flat$ 7 E $\flat$ 6 E $^{\circ}$ B $\flat$ / F G7(b13) Cm7(9) F7(13)

31 8

B $\flat$ 6

Paineira rosa (estudo1)

Omar Cavalheiro

Arco/Pizz

Contrabaixo

1. 2. 6

4. 8

Bb6 Eb6 E° Bb / F G7(b13) Cm7(9) B7(9,#11)

8

1. 2.

8

Bb6 Bb6 Cm7(9) F7 Dm7 G7(b13)

8

Cm7(9) F7(13) Bb6 Bb7 Eb6 E° Bb / F G7(b13)

1. 2.

12

Cm7(9) B7(9,#11) Bb6 Cm7(9) B7(9,#11) Bb6

8

III

Paineira rosa (linha do baixo)

Omar Cavalheiro

1

1.

♩ = 90

Pizz

Bb7(9)

Eb6

E°

Bb / F

G7(b13)

Cm7(9)

B7(9,#11)

Bb6

contrabaixo



2.

6

Bb6

Cm7(9)

F7

Dm7

G7(b13)

Cm7(9)

F7(13)



1.

Bb6

Bb7

Eb6

E°

Bb / F

G7(b13)

Cm7(9)

B7(9,#11)



2.

16

Bb6

Cm7(9)

B7(9,#11)

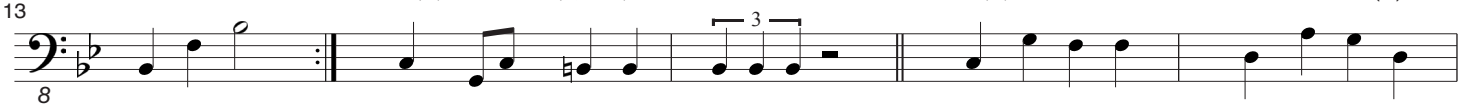
Bb6

Cm7(9)

F7

Dm7(9)

G7(9)



Cm7(9)

F7(13)

Bb6

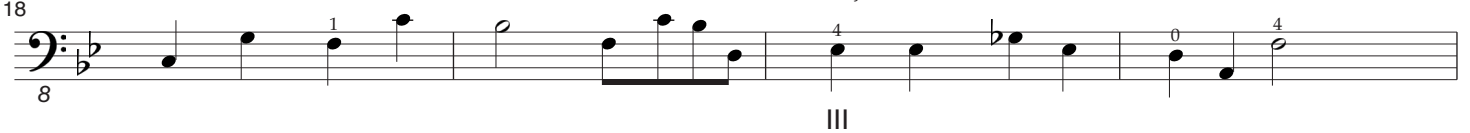
Bb7(9)

Ebmaj7

Ebm7

Dm7

G7(b9)



Cm7(9)

B7(#11)

Bb6

G7(b13)

Cm7(9)

F7

Dm7

G7(b13)



Cm7(9)

F7(13)

Bb6

Bb7

Eb6

E°

Bb / F

G7(b13)



Cm7(9)

F7(13)

Bb6



Paineira rosa (ctb)

Omar Cavalheiro

♩ = 90

contrabaixo

B♭7(9)^v E♭6 E° B♭ / F G7(♭13)

8 0 1 0 4

1. 2.

3 Cm7(9) B7(9,♯11) B♭6 B♭6

8 1

6 Cm7(9) F7 Dm7 G7(♭13) Cm7(9) F7(13)

8

9 B♭6 B♭7 E♭6^v E°^v B♭ / F^v G7(♭13)

8

1. 2.

12 Cm7(9) B7(9,♯11) B♭6 Cm7(9) B7(9,♯11)

8

15 B♭6 Cm7(9) F7 Dm7(9) G7(9)

8 3

18 Cm7(9) F7(13) B♭6 B♭7(9) E♭maj7 E♭m7

8

21 Dm7 G7(♭9) Cm7(9) B7(♯11) B♭6 G7(♭13)

8 2 4 0 1 4 1 2 4

24 Cm7(9) F7 Dm7 G7(♭13) Cm7(9) F7(13)

8

Paineira rosa (ctb)

27 Bb6 Bb7 Eb6 E° Bb / F G7(b13)

ctb 8

30 Cm7(9) F7(13) Bb6 Bb6(9)

ctb 8

I

The image shows a musical score for the piece 'Paineira rosa' for the ctb (contrabass). The score is written in bass clef with a key signature of one flat (Bb). It consists of two staves. The first staff starts at measure 27 and contains six measures with the following chords: Bb6, Bb7, Eb6, E°, Bb / F, and G7(b13). The second staff starts at measure 30 and contains four measures with the following chords: Cm7(9), F7(13), Bb6, and Bb6(9). The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, quarter notes, and rests, as well as fingering numbers (0, 1, 2, 4) and a bar line at the end of the second staff.

SAI DA RAIA

Sinhô

Sai da raia (escalas) F

Sinhô
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

contrabaixo

1 F7 Cm6 F7 Bb6 Bb6(9)

5 F/C C7 F F F F

11

Gm G° Gm7 C7 F F° F D7 Gm F#°

16 Gm C7 F F° F F#° Gm7 G° Gm7 C7

21 F F° F F#° G7 G7(13) C7

26 C7(13) F F C9sus4 C9sus4

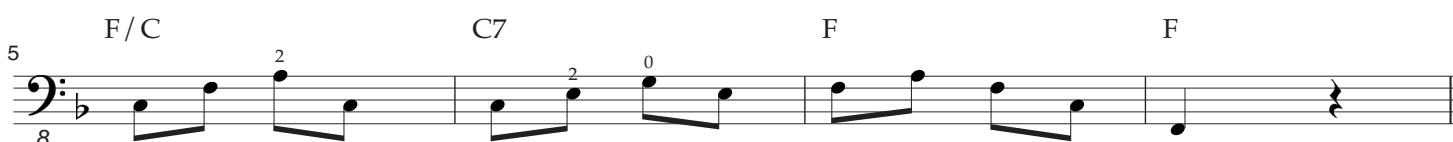
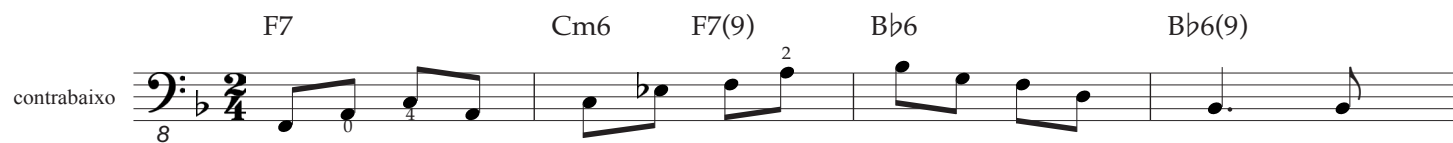
31 Gm7 C7(13) F F

Detailed description: This block contains the bass line notation for the piece 'Sai da raia (escalas) F'. It is written in bass clef with a key signature of one flat (Bb) and a 2/4 time signature. The notation is organized into six systems, each with a measure number (1, 5, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31) and a measure number (8) below the staff. Chord symbols are placed above the staff. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals. The piece is arranged by Omar Cavalheiro.

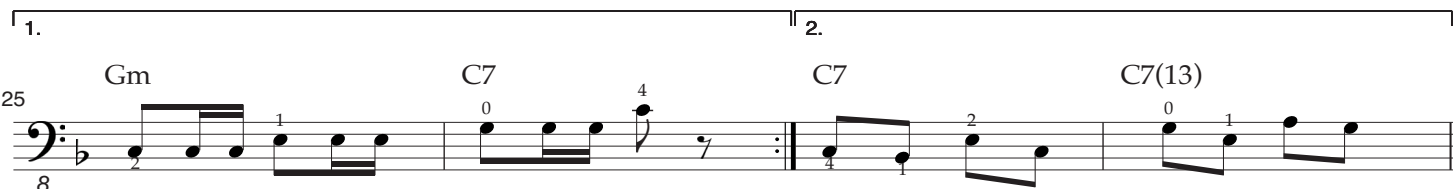
Sai da raia (arpejos) F

Sinhô
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

1



11



29



Sai da raia (arpejos) F

Musical score for "The Sound of Silence" by Simon & Garfunkel, featuring guitar and bass parts. The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. It includes chord diagrams and tablature for the guitar part, and a bass line. The guitar part is in standard tuning (E-A-D-G-B-E). The bass line is in standard bass clef. The score is divided into four systems, each starting with a measure number (33, 37, 41, 45). The guitar part includes chord diagrams for Gm7, C7(13), F, Cm6, F7, Bb6, F/C, and C7. The bass line includes a double bar line at measure 39, indicating a section change.

System 1 (Measures 33-36):

- Measure 33: Gm7 (Chord diagram: Gm7, Fret 0, 4, 8)
- Measure 34: C7(13) (Chord diagram: C7(13), Fret 0, 4, 8)
- Measure 35: F (Chord diagram: F, Fret 0, 4, 8)
- Measure 36: F (Chord diagram: F, Fret 0, 4, 8)

System 2 (Measures 37-40):

- Measure 37: F (Chord diagram: F, Fret 0, 4, 8)
- Measure 38: F (Chord diagram: F, Fret 0, 4, 8)
- Measure 39: F7 (Chord diagram: F7, Fret 0, 4, 8)
- Measure 40: Cm6 (Chord diagram: Cm6, Fret 0, 4, 8)

System 3 (Measures 41-44):

- Measure 41: Bb6 (Chord diagram: Bb6, Fret 0, 4, 8)
- Measure 42: Bb6 (Chord diagram: Bb6, Fret 0, 4, 8)
- Measure 43: F/C (Chord diagram: F/C, Fret 0, 4, 8)
- Measure 44: C7 (Chord diagram: C7, Fret 0, 4, 8)

System 4 (Measures 45-46):

- Measure 45: F (Chord diagram: F, Fret 0, 4, 8)
- Measure 46: F (Chord diagram: F, Fret 0, 4, 8)

Sai da raia (estudo1)

Sinhô
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

1

arco/pizz

contrabaixo

8

4

8

8

12

8

16

8

20

8

24

8

11

1.

2.

F7

Cm6

F7(9)

Bb6

Bb6(9)

F/C

C7

F

F

F

Gm7

G°

Gm7

C7

F

F°

F

D7

Gm

F#°

Gm7

C7

F

F°

F

F#°

Gm7

G°

G7(13)

Gm

C7

C7

Sai da raia (estudo 1)

29

28 C7(13) F F C9sus4

32 C9sus4 Gm7 C7(13) F

8 8

1. 2.

39

36 F4 F F F7

40 Cm6 F7(9) Bb6 Bb6 F/C

44 C7 F F

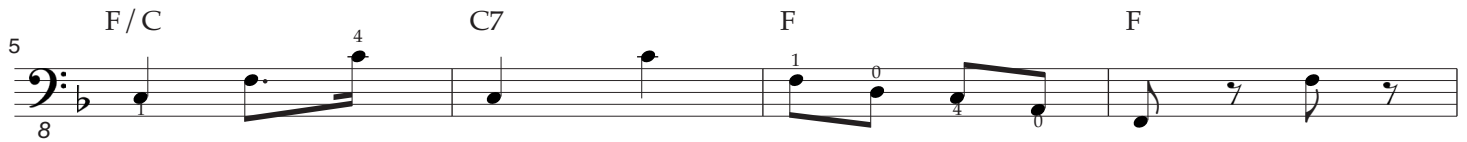
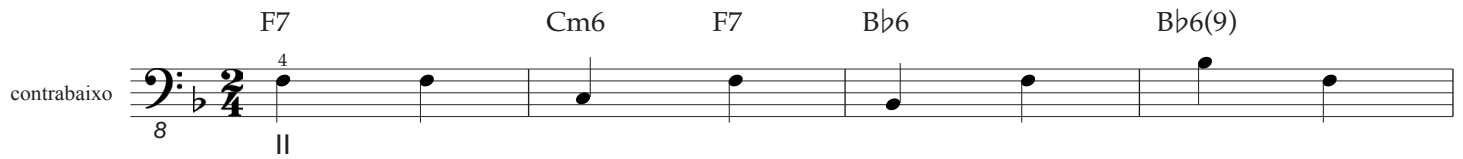
8 8

v v

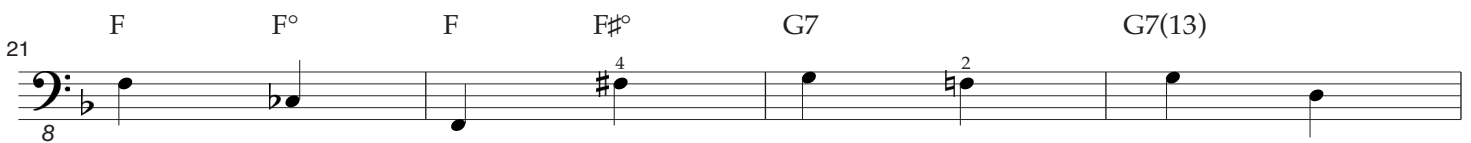
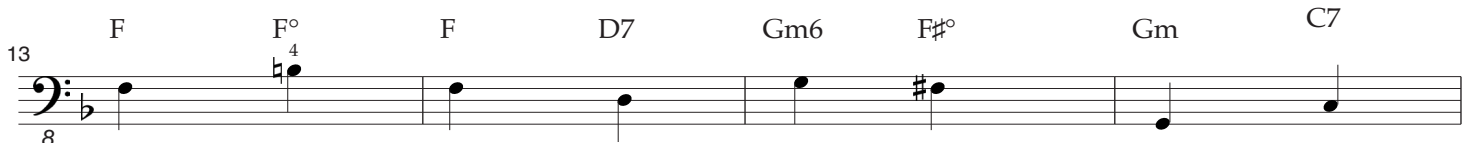
Sai da raia (linha do baixo) F

Sinhô
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

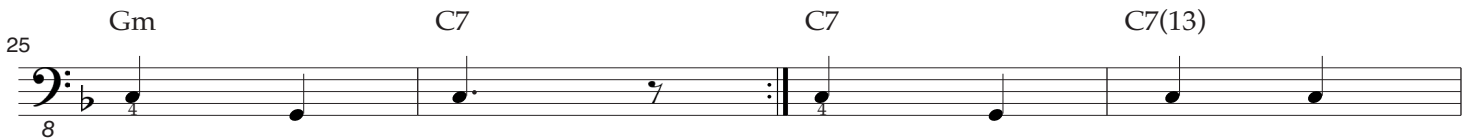
1



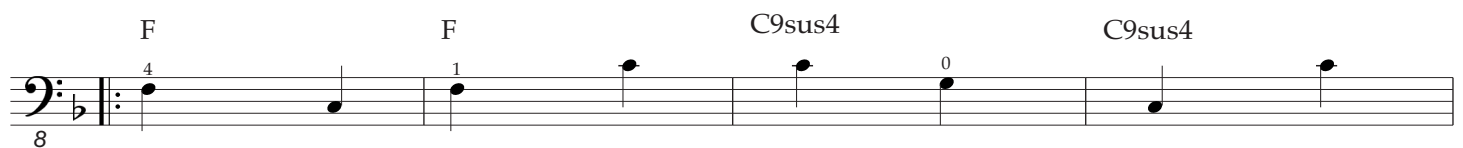
11



1. 2.



29



Sai da raia (linha do baixo) F

33

Gm7 C7(13) F F

8 4

1.

2.

39

37 F F F7 Cm6 F7(9)

8 1

41 Bb6 Bb6 F/C C7

8

45 F F

8 1 0 4 0 7

The image shows a bass line for the song 'Sai da raia' in F major. It consists of four staves of music. The first staff (measures 33-36) features a sequence of chords: Gm7, C7(13), F, and F. The second staff (measures 37-40) features: F, F, F7, Cm6, and F7(9). The third staff (measures 41-44) features: Bb6, Bb6, F/C, and C7. The fourth staff (measures 45-48) features: F, F, and a final measure with a 7th fret. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals, as well as fingering numbers (1, 4, 7, 8) and a box around the measure number 39.

Sai da raia (ctb) F

Sinhô

1

♩ = 94

contrabaixo

8

III II

V

F7

2

Cm6

F7

0

Bb6

4

Bb6(9)

2

F / C

V

1

V

4

C7

1

0

F

4

0

4

11

8

F

8

Gm7

G°

12

Gm7

C7

1

F

2

F°

F

D7

Gm6

F#°

16

Gm

C7

2

F

0

F°

F

F#°

Gm7

G°

20

Gm7

C7

2

F

F°

F

F#°

G7

0

24

G7(13)

Gm

C7

2

C7

1.

2.

Sai da raia (ctb) F

29

28 C7(13) V 1 F F 4 C9sus4 1

32 C9sus4 V Gm7 1 1 C7(13) 0 F V 2

1.

2.

39

36 F V F V F V F7

40 Cm6 F7(9) Bb6 Bb6 F / C V 1 V 4

44 C7 F 4 F

BAIÃO PARA O MAR

Lipe Portinho

Baião para O mar (escalas)

Lipe Portinho
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

1
contrabaixo

8

5
ctb

8

9
ctb

8

13
ctb

8

17
ctb

8

22
ctb

8

27
ctb

8

32
ctb

8

37
ctb

8

Baião para O Mar (arpejos)

Lipe Portinho
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

A

contrabaixo

8

A / E

A / E

A / E

A / E

I

II

III

5

Bm / D

Bm / D

Bm / D

Bm / D

II

I

II

III

9

C

C

C

C

I

13

Bm7

Bm7

Bm7

D / C

D

I

17

A

A

A

A

Bm / F#

II

III

22

Bm / F#

Bm / F#

Bm / F#

C

C

27

C

G₂

Bm7(11)

Bm7(11)

Bm7(11)

II

I

32

Bm7(11)

Em7(11)

Em7(11)

Em7(11)

Em7(11)

III

Baião para O mar (estudo 1)

Lipe Portinho
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

contrabaixo

1 8 0 1 4 0 1 0

5 8 1 2 4 0 1 4 1 III

9 8 0 II similar 1 4 1 2

13 8 0 1 2 4 0 1 2 0

17 8 1 4 1 Y V V V arco arco arco pizz similar

21 8 0 1 4 1 4 4 1 4 4

25 8 1 0 4 0 1 4 0 1 0 0

29 8 1 2 4 0 1 4

Baião para O Mar (linha do baixo)

Lipe Portinho
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

A

contrabaixo

8

A / E A / E A / E A / E Bm / D

6

Bm / D Bm / D Bm / D C C C

12

C Bm7 Bm7 Bm7 D / C D A A

19

A A Bm / F# Bm / F# Bm / F# Bm / F#

25

C C C C Bm7(11) Bm7(11)

31

Bm7(11) Em7(11)

8

The image shows a musical score for the bass line of 'Baião para O Mar'. It consists of six staves of music in bass clef, with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/2 time signature. The first staff is labeled 'contrabaixo' and starts at measure 8. The subsequent staves are labeled 'ctb' and start at measures 6, 12, 19, 25, and 31 respectively. The music features a variety of chords including A/E, Bm/D, C, Bm7, D/C, D, A, Bm/F#, Bm7(11), and Em7(11). The notation includes eighth notes, quarter notes, and half notes, with some measures containing rests. Fingering numbers (0, 1, 4) are indicated above certain notes. The piece concludes with a double bar line at the end of the sixth staff.

Baião Para O Mar (ctb)

Lipe Portinho
Arr. Lipe Portinho

ARCO

A

1

contrabaixo

8

f

5

9

13

17

PIZZ

8

mf

21

25

29

ARCO

B

33

8

f

Baião Para O Mar (ctb)

37

8

V

41

8

V

V

V

45

8

V

49

8

mf

cresc. -----

53

8

57

8

f

61

8

4

III

ff

V

φ

V

The musical score is written for a single staff in bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It consists of six systems of music, each starting with a measure number (37, 41, 45, 49, 53, 57, 61) and an octave indicator '8'. The notation includes various rhythmic values (quarter, eighth, and sixteenth notes), rests, and ties. Dynamic markings include *mf* (mezzo-forte) at measure 49, *f* (forte) at measure 57, and *ff* (fortissimo) at measure 61. There are also crescendo markings and a 'cresc. -----' line. Performance instructions include 'V' (accents) and 'φ' (breath marks). A box containing the letter 'C' is placed above the staff at measure 49. The score ends with a double bar line at measure 61.

ARRANJEI UM FRASEADO

Noel Rosa

Arranji um fraseado (escalas)

Noel Rosa
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

1 E6

contrabaixo

8

5 E6

ctb

8

9 E6

ctb

8

13 E6

ctb

8

17 C#7

ctb

8

1. 2.

21 C#7

ctb

8

25 C#7

ctb

8

29 C#7

ctb

8

Arranji um fraseado (escalas)

ctb 33

8

ctb 37

8

F#7

ctb 41

8

F#7

ctb 45

8

F#7

ctb 49

8

F#7

ctb 53

8

B7

4x

ctb

8

B7

ctb

8

B7

ctb 61

8

B7

The musical score is written for a fretless bass (ctb) in E major (three sharps: F#, C#, G#). It consists of eight staves, each containing a line of music. The staves are numbered 33, 37, 41, 45, 49, 53, and 61. The key signature is E major. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, quarter notes, half notes, and full notes, as well as slurs, ties, and accidentals. Chords F#7 and B7 are indicated above the staff. Fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4) are written below the notes. The score ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Arranjei um fraseado (arpejos)

Noel rosa
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

1º Formato

contrabaixo

2º

ctb

3º

ctb

4º

ctb

5º

ctb

Escolhi o acorde tônico(Mi maior), para apresentar 5 formatos verticais dos arpejos, nas diferentes posições do instrumento.

Arranjei um fraseado (estudos 1 e 2)

Noel rosa
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

[illegible]

Arranjei um fraseado (linha do baixo)

Noel Rosa
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

PIZZ

contrabaixo

1

8

E6

E6

E6

E6

p (polegar)

p

5

8

E6

E6

E6

E6

1 4 4 1 4

2x

10

II

E6

E6

C#7

F#7

B7

13

8

F#7

B7

E6

C#7

F#7

B7

17

8

E6

E6

C#7

F#7

B7

III

21

8

F#7

B7

E6

C#7

F#7

B7

1.

2.

28

25

8

E6

E6

C#m

E6

B7

4

Arranjei um fraseado (linha do baixo)

29 B7 E6 E6 E7

33 E7 A6 A6 A6

37 C7 E / B C#7 F#7

41 B7 E6 E6 E6

45 E6 E6 E6 E6

49 E6 E6

42

Arranjei um fraseado (ctb)

Noel Rosa
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

introdução

contrabaixo

PIZZ

8

1

E6

E6

E6

E6

II

5

E6

E6

E6

E6

II

10

9

E6

E

C#7

F#7

B7

II

I

II

I

II

III

13

F#7

B7

E

C#7

F#7

B7

17

E

E

C#7

F#7

B7

II

I

II

III

21

F#7

B7

E

C#7

F#7

B7

28

E

C#m

ARCO

B7

25

8

Arranjei um fraseado (ctb)

29

B7 E E E7 V V

8

33

E7 A A A V V

8

37

C7 E / B C#7 F#7

8

42

PIZZ

41

B7 E6 E6 E6

8

45

E6 E6 E6 E6

8

49

E6 E6

8

LUA BRANCA

Chiquinha Gonzaga

Lua branca (escalas)

Chiquinha Gonzaga
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

Arco/Pizz

contrabaixo

1

Fm(add9) Cm(add9) Ab7(#11) G7(b13)

III II I II III IV II III

5

4

Cm G7(b13) Cm C7

III II II

8

Fm Fm Cm G7

II II III

13

12

Cm Bb7(9) Eb C7(b9)

III II I II

16

Fm Fm Cm G7

II III

1. 2.

20

Cm Cm Cm

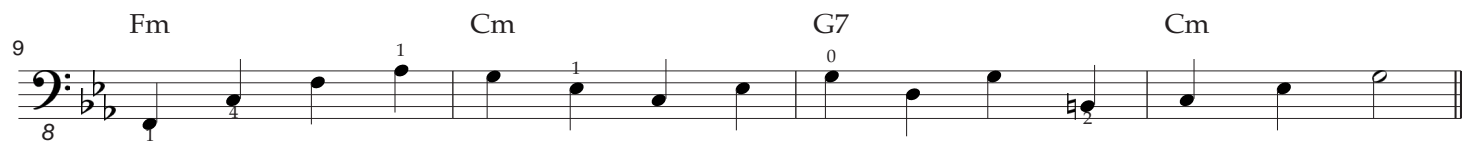
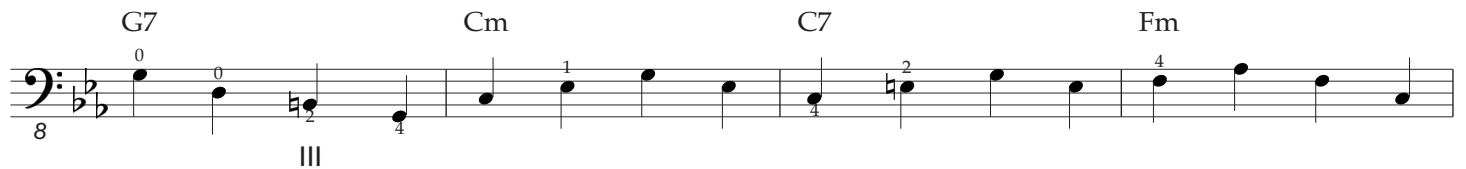
8 4

Lua branca (arpejos)

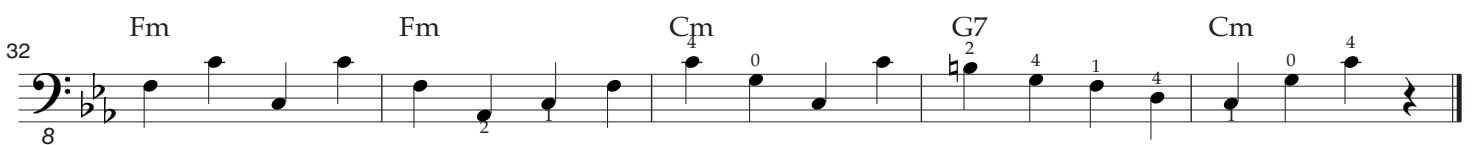
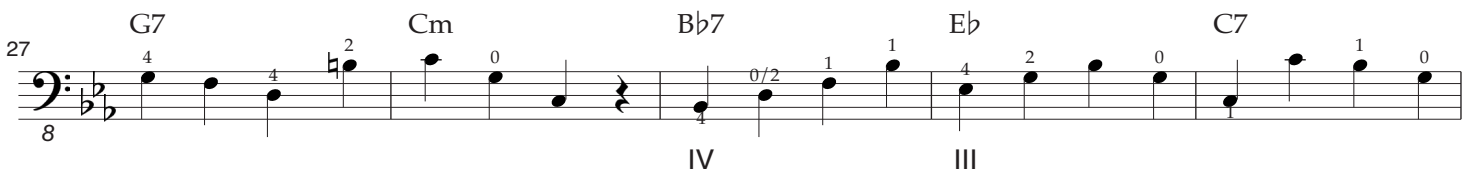
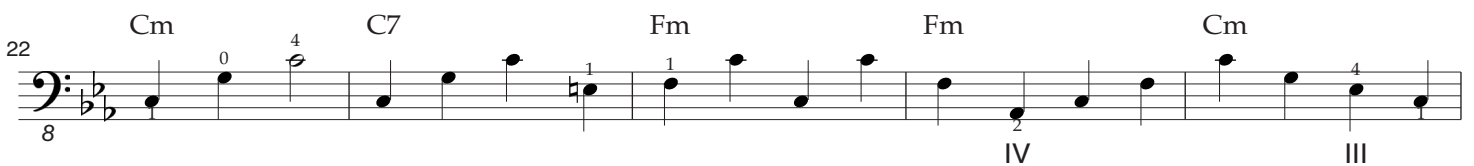
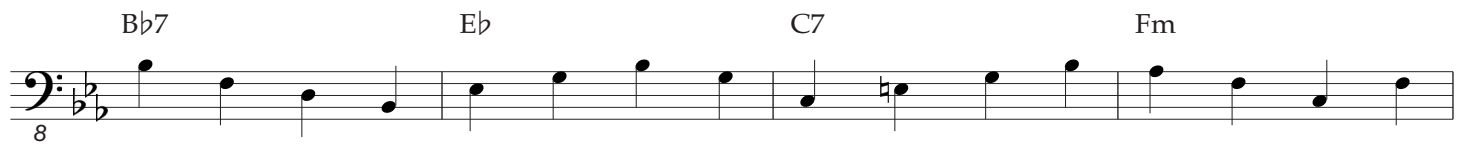
Chiquinha Gonzaga
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro



5



13



Lua branca (estudo1)

Chiquinha Gonzaga
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

Arco/Pizz

contrabaixo

1 8 II

4 8

7 8 II I

10 8

13 8

16 8

19 8 4

Variações:

I II III

V V V V

Lua branca (linha do baixo)

Chiquinha Gonzaga
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

contrabaixo

1

Fm(add9) Cm(add9) Ab7(#11) G7(b13) Cm

8

5

G7 G7(b13) Cm C7 Fm / C Fm

8

III

10

Cm G7 G / B Cm Bb7(9) Eb

8

15

C7(b9) C7 Fm Fm Cm G7 G / B

8

20

Cm G7 Cm C7 Fm

8

25

Fm Cm G7 Cm Bb7

8

IV

30

Eb6 C7 Fm Fm Cm

8

III I

35

G7 Cm Fm(add9) Cm(add9) Ab7(#11) G7(b13) Cm

8

The image shows a bass line for the song 'Lua branca' in 4/4 time, key of B-flat major. The notation is on a single bass staff. It begins with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a 4/4 time signature. The first measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it and an '8' below it. The second measure is a whole note B-flat. The third measure is a half note G, with a '1' above it. The fourth measure is a half note F, with a '1' above it. The fifth measure is a half note E-flat, with a '1' above it. The sixth measure is a half note D, with a '1' above it. The seventh measure is a half note C, with a '1' above it. The eighth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The ninth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The tenth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The eleventh measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The twelfth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The thirteenth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The fourteenth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The fifteenth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The sixteenth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The seventeenth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The eighteenth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The nineteenth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The twentieth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The twenty-first measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The twenty-second measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The twenty-third measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The twenty-fourth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The twenty-fifth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The twenty-sixth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The twenty-seventh measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The twenty-eighth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The twenty-ninth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The thirtieth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The thirty-first measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The thirty-second measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The thirty-third measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The thirty-fourth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The thirty-fifth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The thirty-sixth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The thirty-seventh measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The thirty-eighth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The thirty-ninth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The fortieth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The forty-first measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The forty-second measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The forty-third measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The forty-fourth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The forty-fifth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The forty-sixth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The forty-seventh measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The forty-eighth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The forty-ninth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The fiftieth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The fifty-first measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The fifty-second measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The fifty-third measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The fifty-fourth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The fifty-fifth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The fifty-sixth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The fifty-seventh measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The fifty-eighth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The fifty-ninth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The sixtieth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The sixty-first measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The sixty-second measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The sixty-third measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The sixty-fourth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The sixty-fifth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The sixty-sixth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The sixty-seventh measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The sixty-eighth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The sixty-ninth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The seventieth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The seventy-first measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The seventy-second measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The seventy-third measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The seventy-fourth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The seventy-fifth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The seventy-sixth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The seventy-seventh measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The seventy-eighth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The seventy-ninth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The eightieth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The eighty-first measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The eighty-second measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The eighty-third measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The eighty-fourth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The eighty-fifth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The eighty-sixth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The eighty-seventh measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The eighty-eighth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The eighty-ninth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The ninetieth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The ninety-first measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The ninety-second measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The ninety-third measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The ninety-fourth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The ninety-fifth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The ninety-sixth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The ninety-seventh measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The ninety-eighth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The ninety-ninth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it. The hundredth measure is a whole note B-flat, with a '1' above it.

Lua branca (ctb)

Chiquinha Gonzaga
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

contrabaixo

1

Fm(add9) Cm(add9) Ab7(#11) G7(b13) Cm V

8 4 *mp*

5

G7 G7(b13) Cm V C7 Fm/C

8

9

Fm Cm V G7 G/B Cm

8 *mf*

YARA

Anacleto de Medeiros e Catulo Cearense

Iara (escalas)

Anacleto de Medeiros/Catulo Cearense
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

A

contrabaixo

Measures 1-4 of section A. Chords: Dm, Dm/C, Gm/B $\flat$, A7, A/G, Dm/F, D/F $\sharp$, Gm, Dm/F.

B

Measures 5-14 of section B. Chords: Em7(b5), A7, Dm, C7, F6, A7, Dm, Gm/B $\flat$, F $\frac{4}{A}$, Gm7, C7, F6, F6.

C

Measures 15-22 of section C. Chords: D, A7, G/B, A7, Dm, B $\flat$ 7, A7, D, D $\sharp^o$, Em, D, Em, A7, D.

Iara (arpejos)

Anacleto de Medeiros/Catulo Cearense
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

A

contrabaixo

8

Dm Dm / C Gm / B $\flat$ A7 A / G

4

Dm / F D / F $\sharp$ Gm Dm / F

8

4

1 2 1 4

I I

B

7

Em7(b5) A7 Dm C7

8

1 4 1 4

I II I

10

F6 A7 Dm Gm / B $\flat$

8

1 2 1 1

1. 2.

14

F / A Gm7 C7 F6 F6

8

C

8

D A7 G / B A7 Dm B $\flat$ 7 A7

1 4 2 1 1 4 0 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 4

I II II II II III

22

D D $\sharp$ Em D Em A7 D

1 4 1 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 2 3 2 0

III I II III III II I

Iara (estudo 1)

Anacleto de Medeiros/Catulo Cearense
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

contrabaixo

1 2 4 8

Dm Dm / C Gm / B $\flat$ A7 A / G

4 8

Dm / F D / F $\sharp$ Gm Dm / F

7 8

Em7(b5) A7 Dm C7 F6

11 8

A7 Dm Gm / B $\flat$ F / A

15 8

Gm7 C7 F6 F6 D A7

19 8

G / B A7 Dm B $\flat$ 7 A7 D D $\sharp$

23 8

Em D Em A7 D D

Iara (linha do baixo)

Anacleto de Medeiros/Catulo Cearense
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

A

Contrabaixo

8

III

5

8

FIM

Chords: Dm, Dm/C, Gm/Bb, A7, A/G, Dm/F, D/F#, Gm, Dm/F, Em7(b5), A7, Dm

B

8

14

8

III

Chords: C7, F6, A7, Dm, Gm/Bb, F/A, Gm7, C7, F6, F6, Dm, Dm/C

19

8

Chords: Gm/Bb, A7, A/G, Dm/F, D/F#, Gm, Dm/F

24

8

C

Chords: Em7(b5), A7, Dm, D, A7, G/B, A7, Dm, Bb7

29

8

II

Chords: A7, D, D#°, Em, D, Em, A7, D, D.C. Al Fine

Iara (ctb)

Anacleto de Medeiros/Catulo Cearense
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

A
♩ = 48

contrabaixo

8

1 1 1 4 V 4 2 # 2 4 1 4 1 3 4

II

4 3 1 V 4 1 4 V 4 V V

I

7 8

Fine

B

III

III

10 8

II

13 8

1. 2.

C

D.C. Al Coda

16 8

I

III

19 8

D.C. Al Fine

22 8

III I

FACEIRA

Ernesto Nazareth

Faceira(escalas)

E. Nazareth
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro



contrabaixo

The bass line for the first system is written on a single staff in bass clef with a 3/4 time signature. It contains four measures. The first measure has a whole note G2 (labeled '8' below). The second measure has a whole note F2 (labeled '2' below). The third measure has a whole note E2. The fourth measure has a whole note D2. A double bar line follows the fourth measure.

Musical notation for the bass line of 'The Rose Tree'. The notation is on a single staff with a bass clef. It consists of eight measures. The notes are: G2 (half note), A2 (quarter note), B2 (quarter note), C3 (half note), D3 (half note), E3 (half note), F3 (half note), and G3 (half note). The notes are written on the lines and spaces of the staff: G2 on the first line, A2 on the first space, B2 on the second line, C3 on the second space, D3 on the third line, E3 on the third space, F3 on the fourth line, and G3 on the fourth space. The notes are beamed in pairs: (G2, A2), (B2, C3), (D3, E3), and (F3, G3). The first measure has a '0' above the G2 and an '8' below it. The second measure has a '1' above the A2. The third measure has a '2' above the B2. The fourth measure has a '0' above the C3. The fifth measure has a '1' above the D3. The sixth measure has a '0' above the E3. The seventh measure has a '1' above the F3. The eighth measure has a '0' above the G3.

Musical notation for the bass line of 'The Rose Tree'. The notation is on a single staff with a bass clef. It consists of eight measures. The notes are: G2 (quarter), A2 (quarter), B2 (quarter), C3 (quarter), D3 (quarter), E3 (quarter), F3 (quarter), and G3 (quarter). The notes are grouped into four pairs, each pair connected by a horizontal line. Above the first pair is a '4' with a dot. Above the second pair is a '1' with a dot. Above the third pair is a '4' with a dot. Above the fourth pair is a '2' with a dot. Below the first measure is an '8'.

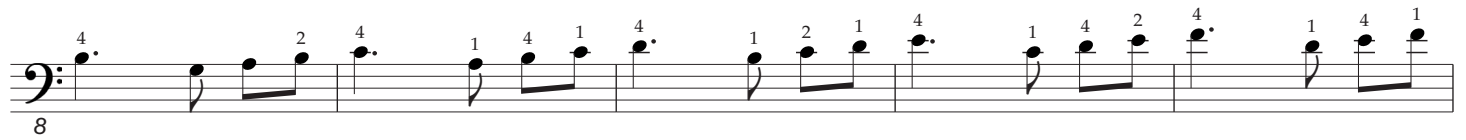
8

8

Musical notation for the bass line of 'The Rose Tree'. The notation is on a single staff with a bass clef. It consists of eight measures. The first measure has a bass line starting on G2 (labeled 8) with a finger number 2 above it. The second measure has a finger number 1 above it. The third measure has a finger number 0 above it. The fourth measure has a finger number 2 below it. The fifth measure has a finger number 0 above it. The sixth measure has a finger number 2 below it. The seventh measure has a finger number 0 above it. The eighth measure has a finger number 2 below it and a 'V' above it, indicating the end of the piece.



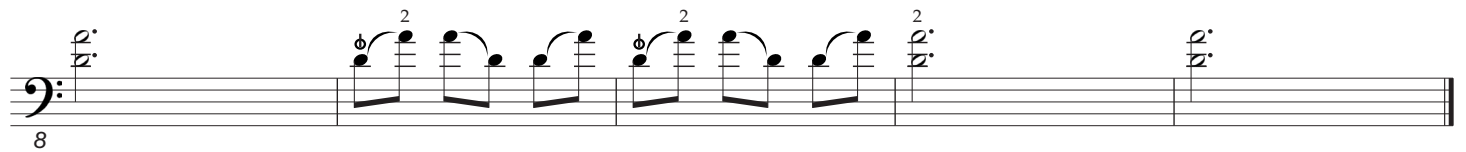
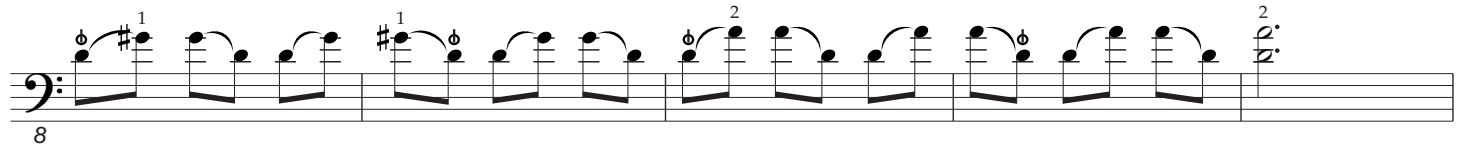
Faceira(escalas)



III



IV



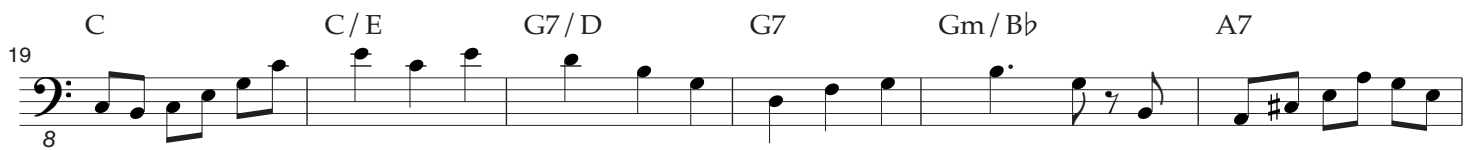
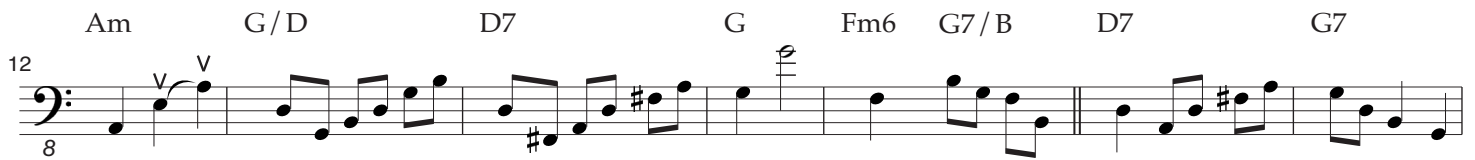
Faceira (arpejos)

E. Nazareth
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

1

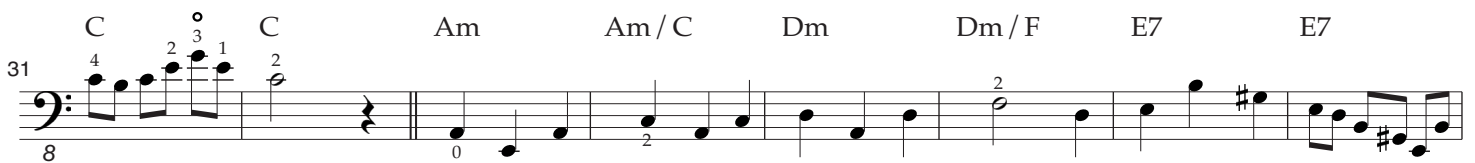


17



II

33



Faceira (arpejos)

51
8

Dm Dm / F E7 E7 A / G

56
8

A / G Dm Dm / F Am / E Am / E

65

61
8

B7 / D# E7 Am Am F

66
8

A7 / E Dm D / C Gm / Bb D7 / A

71
8

Gm7 Gm / F A7 / E A7 Dm

1.
76
8

Dm / F Am / E E7 Am C7 / G

2.
81
8

Eb / G Dm / A C7 F F

Faceira (estudo 1)

E. Nazareth
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

1

Contrabaixo

6

11

17

23

28

35

43

Faceira (linha do baixo)

65

62 E7 Am Am D7 G7 C6 C/E G7/D G7(9)

1.

71 C C/E B7 E7 Am7 Am7 G/D D7 G Fm6 G7

2.

81 Bb6(#11) A7 Dm/F A7/E Dm/F F# C/G G7 C C

91

F A7/E Dm D/C Gm/Bb D7/A Gm Gm/F A7/E

1.

2.

100 A7 Dm Dm/F Am/E E7 Am C7/G Eb/G

108 Dm/A C7 F F

Faceira(ctb)

E.Nazareth
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

contrabaixo

7

1.

C C/E B7 E7 Am Am G/D

2.

14

D7 G Fm G7/B Bb6(#11) A7 Dm/F E7

21

Dm/F F# C/G G7 C C Am

FIM

28

Am/C Dm Dm/F E7 E7 Am Am/E

35

Am Am/C G/D G/D D7/A D7 G7

42

E7 Am Am/C Dm Dm/F E7 E7

Faceira(ctb)



4. PARTITURAS PARA O ACOMPANHAMENTO/ENCARTE

PAINEIRA ROSA

Omar Cavaleiro

Paineira rosa (piano)

Omar Cavalheiro

♩ = 90

1. Eb6 E° Bb / F G7(b13) Cm7(9) B7(9,#11)

contrabaixo

piano

1. 2.

5. Bb6 Bb6 Cm7(9) F7 Dm7 G7(b13)

ctb

Pno.

9. Cm7(9) F7(13) Bb6 Bb7 Eb6 E° Bb / F G7(b13)

ctb

Pno.

1. 2.

13. Cm7(9) B7(9,#11) Bb6 Cm7(9) B7(9,#11) Bb6

ctb

Pno.

3

3

3

Paineira rosa (piano)

17 Cm7(9) F7 Dm7(9) G7(9) Cm7(9) F7(13) Bb6 Bb7(9)

ctb

Pno.

21 Ebmaj7 Ebm7 Dm7 G7(b9) Cm7(9) B7(#11) Bb6 G7(b9)

ctb

Pno.

25 Cm7(9) F7 Dm7 G7(b9) Cm7(9) F7 Bb6 Bb7(9)

ctb

Pno.

29 Eb6 E° Bb / F G7(b13) Cm7(9) F7 Bb6 Bb6(9)

ctb

Pno.

SAI DA RAIA

Sinhô

Sai da raia (piano) F

Sinhô
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

♩ = 88

contrabaixo

Piano

8

F7 Cm6 F7 Bb6 Bb6(9) F/C C7 F

8

F F F Gm7 G° Gm7 C7 F F°

ctb

Pno.

14

F D7 Gm F#° Gm C7 F F° F F#° Gm7 G°

ctb

Pno.

20

Gm C7 F F° F F#° G7 G7(13) 1. Gm

ctb

Pno.

Sai da raia (piano) F

26 2.

C7 C7 C7(13) F F C9sus4 C9sus4

ctb

Pno.

33 1. 2.

Gm7 C7(13) F F F F F7

ctb

Pno.

40 Cm6 F7 Bb6 Bb6 F / C C7 F F

ctb

Pno.

BAIÃO PARA O MAR

Lipe Portinho

Baião para O Mar (piano)

Lipe Portinho
Arr. Liipe Portinho

A

1

contrabaixo

piano

mf

9

pizz

17

25

Baião para O Mar (piano)

B

33 arco

8

41

8

C

49

8

mp

57

8

f

ARRANJEI UM FRASEADO

Noel Rosa

Arranjei um fraseado (piano)

Noel Rosa
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

contrabaixo

piano

ctb

Pno.

ctb

Pno.

ctb

Pno.

1

8

E6

E6

E6

7

8

E6

E6

C#7

F#7

B7

13

8

F#7

B7

E

C#7

F#7

B7

E

E

C#7

19

8

F#7

B7

F#7

B7

1.

E

C#7

F#7

B7

2. Arranjeri um fraseado (piano)

ctb

25

8

E E C#m E ARCO B7 B7 E

Pno.

31

8

E E7 E7 A A A

Pno.

37

8

C7 E/B C#7 F#7 B7 E

Pno.

44

8

E E E

Pno.

LUA BRANCA

Chiquinha Gonzaga

Lua branca (piano)

Chiquinha Gonzaga
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

1 Fm(add9) Cm(add9) Ab7(#11) G7(b13)

Contrabaixo

piano

mf

4 Cm G7 G7(b13) Cm C7 Fm / C

ctb

Pno.

mp

9 Fm / C Cm G7 G / B Cm Bb7(9)

ctb

Pno.

mf

Lua branca (piano)

ctb

Pno.

14

E $\flat$ C7($\flat$ 9) C7 Fm Fm

18

Cm G7 G/B Cm Cm

22

Fm(add9) Cm(add9) A $\flat$ 7($\sharp$ 11) G7($\flat$ 13) Cm

mf

1. 2.

YARA

Anacleto de Medeiros e Catulo Cearense

Iara (piano)

Anacleto de Medeiros / Catulo Cearense
Arr. omar cavalleiro

A

contrabaixo

piano

8

Dm Dm / C Gm / B $\flat$ A7 A / G

ctb

Pno.

4

8

Dm / F D / F $\sharp$ Gm Dm / F Em7(b5) A7 Dm

Fine

B

ctb

Pno.

8

C7 F6 A7 Dm Gm / B $\flat$

Iara (piano)

1. 2.

C

D.S. Al Coda

ctb

14

8

F / A Gm7 C7 F6 F6 D A7

Pno.

19

8

G / B A7 Dm Bb7 A7 D D#° Em

Pno.

24

8

D Em A7 D

Pno.

FACEIRA

Ernesto Nazareth

Faceira (piano)

E. Nazareth
Arr. Omar Cavalheiro

contrabaixo

Piano

8

D7 G7 C C/E G7/D

6

8

1.

G7/D C C/E B7 E7 Am

12

8

2.

Am G/D D7 G Fm G7/B Gm6/Bb

18

8

A7/G Dm/F E7 A7/E Dm/F F#° C/G

24

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It features a piano introduction in 3/4 time, marked 'Andante'. The score is written for piano with a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The introduction consists of six measures. The first measure has a treble clef with a whole note chord (F4, A4, C5) and a bass clef with a whole note chord (F3, A2, C3). The second measure has a treble clef with a whole note chord (F4, A4, C5) and a bass clef with a whole note chord (F3, A2, C3). The third measure has a treble clef with a whole note chord (F4, A4, C5) and a bass clef with a whole note chord (F3, A2, C3). The fourth measure has a treble clef with a whole note chord (F4, A4, C5) and a bass clef with a whole note chord (F3, A2, C3). The fifth measure has a treble clef with a whole note chord (F4, A4, C5) and a bass clef with a whole note chord (F3, A2, C3). The sixth measure has a treble clef with a whole note chord (F4, A4, C5) and a bass clef with a whole note chord (F3, A2, C3). The score is in 3/4 time and is marked 'Andante'.

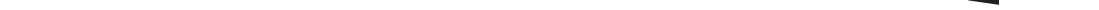
30

Measure 30 (Bass Clef): The measure begins with a whole rest. This is followed by a half note G₂ (one ledger line below), a quarter note F₂ (two ledger lines below), and a quarter note E₂ (three ledger lines below). The next two notes are G₂ and F₂, each beamed to the previous note. This is followed by a half note E₂, a quarter note D₂, and a quarter note C₂. The measure concludes with a whole note C₂.

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It is written for voice and piano. The key signature has one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The score consists of six measures. The vocal line is in the treble clef, and the piano accompaniment is in the bass clef. The melody is simple and catchy, with a repeating pattern of eighth and quarter notes. The piano accompaniment provides a steady harmonic foundation with chords and single notes.

36

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It features a treble and bass staff. The treble staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature. The melody is written in a simple, folk-like style. The bass staff provides a harmonic accompaniment. The score is divided into six measures, each containing a single musical phrase. The first measure starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The second measure has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The third measure has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fourth measure has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fifth measure has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The sixth measure has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp.

42 

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It features a treble and bass staff. The treble staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The melody is written in a simple, folk-like style. The bass staff provides a simple harmonic accompaniment. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.

Faceira (piano)

48

E7(b9) A / G A / G Dm Dm / F Am / E

54

Am / E B7 / F# E7 Am Am D7

60

G7 C6 C / E G7 / D G7 / D C

66

C / E B7 / D# E7 / D Am / C Am7 G7 / D

72

D7 G Fm G7 Gm6/Bb A7/G Dm/F

8

2.

78

E7 A7 Dm/F F#° C/G G7 C

8

contrabaixo melodia
mosso

84

C F A7/E Dm D/C Gm

8

90

D7/A Gm Gm/F A7/E A7

8

Faceira (piano)

1. Dm / F Am / E E7 Am C7 / G Eb / G 2.

96

Dm / A C7 F D7 G7

102

C C / E G7 / D G7 / D Gm / Bb A7 / G

108

Dm / F E7 A7 Dm / F F#° C / G G7 C C

114

5. FAIXAS DO CD

01- Paineira rosa (arranjo)

02- Paineira rosa (piano)

03- Sai da raia (arranjo)

04- Sai da raia (piano)

05- Baião para O mar (arranjo)

06- Baião para O mar (piano)

07- Arranjei um fraseado (arranjo)

08- Arranjei um fraseado (piano)

09- Lua branca (arranjo)

10- Lua branca (piano)

11- Iara (arranjo)

12- Iara (piano)

13- Faceira (arranjo)

14- Faceira (piano)

15- Faceira - Omar Cavalheiro, contrabaixo e Leandro Braga, piano.

16- Baião para O mar - Omar Cavalheiro, contrabaixo e Leandro Braga, piano

Obs: As faixas do acompanhamento de piano foram acrescidas de metrônomo.

6. FICHA TÉCNICA DO CD

As faixas do CD listadas de 01 a 14, são arquivos em formato m4a, produzidos no aplicativo Symphony Pro 5, Xenon Labs. LLC.

As faixas 15 - (Baião para O mar) e 16 - (Faceira), foram gravadas no Estúdio Dez, em janeiro de 2017.

Músicos: Omar Cavaleiro - Contrabaixo
Leandro Braga - Piano

Técnicos: Alexandre Freitas - Estúdio
Tiago Machado - Mixagem

7. BIBLIOGRAFIA

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8. SOBRE O AUTOR

Omar Cavalheiro, músico e professor carioca, nasceu em 25 de agosto de 1956. Iniciou seus estudos de música aos 6 anos, no piano, passando ao contrabaixo elétrico, aos 17 anos.

Em 1976, iniciou sua carreira profissional, no teatro musical, participando de mais de 30 musicais, como a montagem original da Ópera do Malandro/1978 e Se meu apartamento falasse.. promises, promises/2018. Seguindo, na música popular brasileira, no acompanhamento de cantores, tais como: Elza Soares, MPB-4, Francis Hime, Leila Pinheiro; participações em orquestras (Orquestra de Música Brasileira, Orquestra de Cordas Brasileiras, Camerata Brasil); ao lado de instrumentistas, como Sebastião Tapajós, Leo Gandelman, Tim Rescala, Hector Costita, Wagner Tiso e Henrique Cazes; na gravação de dezenas de discos; como professor de contrabaixo elétrico nos Seminários de Música Pro-Arte e, atualmente, contrabaixo acústico e elétrico na Escola de Música Villa-Lobos.

Bacharel em Música – Contrabaixo, na Escola de Música da UFRJ, classe do Professor Sandrino Santoro, no ano de 1992.

Licenciatura Plena para o Ensino Fundamental e Médio, com habilitação em Educação Artística e Música pela Universidade Cândido Mendes, no ano de 2008.

Mestre em Música, no Programa de Pós-Graduação Profissional em Música – PROMUS – Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro, no ano de 2017.

9. AGRADECIMENTOS

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Agradeço, ainda, ao meu Professor Sandrino Santoro, ao meu orientador Paulo H. Loureiro Sá e ao coordenador do PROMUS, Aloysio Moraes Rego Fagerlande.

Hiperlinks /05-Faixas do CD

- 01- Paineira rosa (arranjo) <https://youtu.be/80-YRAZzBHg>
- 02- Paineira rosa (piano) https://youtu.be/EFTGR4aY_A
- 03- Sai da raia (arranjo) - <https://youtu.be/1SZwAfm8cA8>
- 04- Sai da raia (piano) https://youtu.be/VU4LF_E-RfY
- 05- Baião para O mar (arranjo) <https://youtu.be/YxVwe9KIUCc>
- 06- Baião para O mar (piano) - <https://youtu.be/7ogA0YCZ-xg>
- 07- Arranjei um fraseado (arranjo) <https://youtu.be/5AY1dNE28zs>
- 08- Arranjei um fraseado (piano) <https://youtu.be/gVFErT7gtfg>
- 09- Lua branca (arranjo) <https://youtu.be/JkoApOjUMoA>
- 10- Lua branca (piano) <https://youtu.be/qB8Dolcn3tQ>
- 11- Iara (arranjo) https://youtu.be/nW04_2N4rQA
- 12- Iara (piano) <https://youtu.be/wZ5OpB7jtpU>
- 13- Faceira (arranjo) <https://youtu.be/IUVJf00jYPM>
- 14- Faceira (piano)-<https://youtu.be/ND5oxaY3ldc>
- 15- Faceira - Omar C. ctb e Leandro Braga, pno. <https://youtu.be/TAQOmoWasGs>
- 16- Baião para O mar - Omar C. ctb e Leandro Braga, pno. https://youtu.be/b_3PsNobVm8





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